

HYPOGLYCAEMIA

LOW Blood Glucose Level

Signs and Symptoms

Symptoms may not always be obvious

DO NOT leave student UNATTENDED
DO NOT delay TREATMENT

Student conscious & cooperative
(Able to eat hypo food)

Hypo Treatment or Fast Acting Carb:
(as supplied or listed on management plan)

Recheck BGL after 15 mins
If BGL repeat fast acting carb

Student unconscious /drowsy
(Risk of choking/ unable to swallow)

First Aid - Place student on their side
Stay with unconscious student

Call an Ambulance Dial 000

Contact Parent or Guardian when safe to do so

Parent / Guardians Name:

Contact No:

2017 Diabetes School Action Plan



Management Type: **INSULIN PUMP**

[to be used in conjunction with management plan]

Student Name:

School:

Click to place photograph here

The insulin pump continually delivers insulin.

Plus, the pump will deliver insulin based on carb and BGL.

All BGL results must be entered into pump.

Student able to button push:

independently

with supervision

child unable

Routine BGL checking times

- Anytime, anywhere in the school
- Prior to lunch and other times as per management plan
- Any time hypo is suspected or student feels unwell
- Prior to physical activity
- Prior to exams or tests

HYPERGLYCAEMIA

HIGH Blood Glucose Level
(HIGH BGLs are not uncommon)

Signs and Symptoms

There may be no signs and symptoms

Student Well
(Re-check BGL in 2 hours)

Enter BGL in pump, Encourage water to drink, return to class
(1-2 glasses water per hour)

In 2 hours, if BGL still call parent/guardian for advice

Date:

Hospital:

Treating DNE:

Contact No:

Student Unwell
(e.g. vomiting)

Contact Parent/Guardian
to collect student ASAP

Diabetes NSW & ACT acknowledges:

